



Market Segmentation Strategy

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Introduction

- Definition
- Best Practice
- Focus on mid-sized customer
- Current state in MA
- Next steps



Segmentation Overview

Segmentation is:

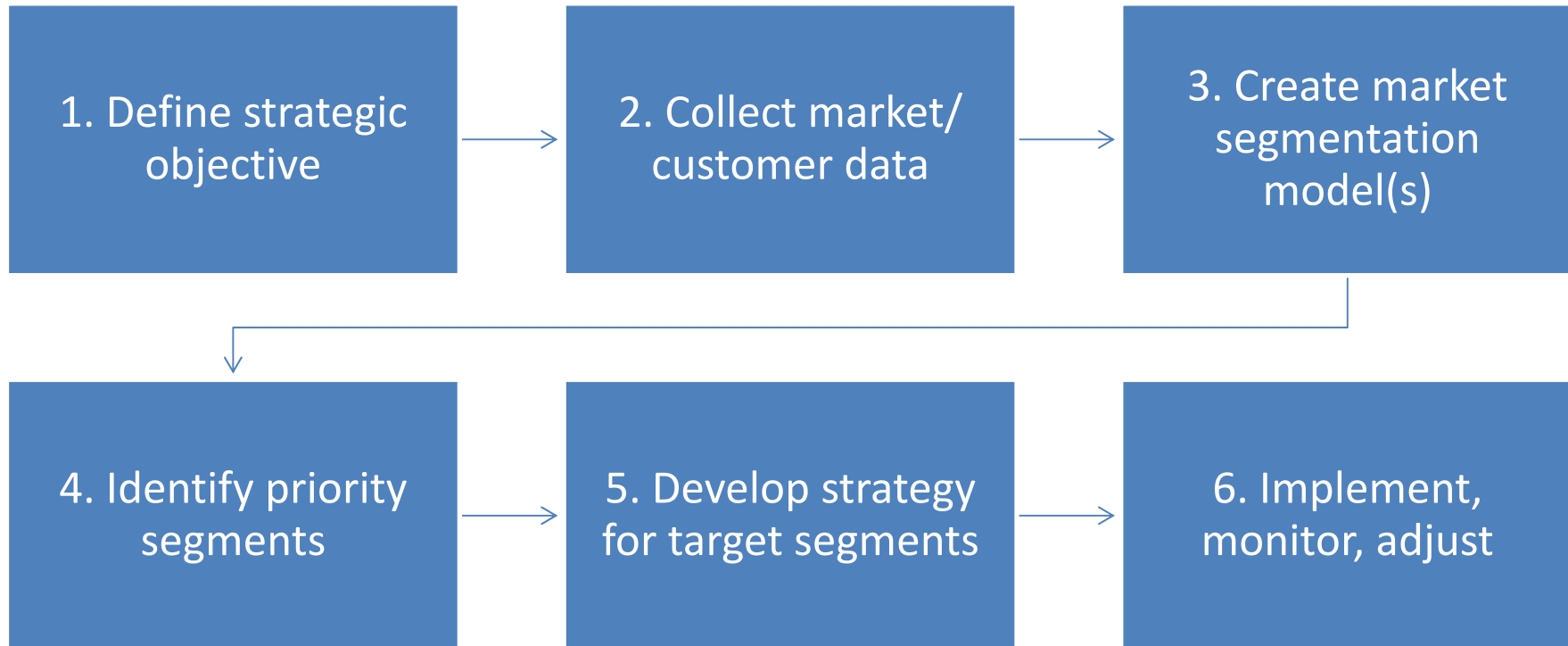
- Process of dividing target markets into similar groups based on defined criteria in order to effectively market and deliver products and services to customers.

Segmentation can:

- Provide market intelligence
- Aid in planning
- Improve alignment of products, services, and programs with customer needs
- Improve customer satisfaction
- Increase market penetration
- Achieve higher sales (or savings)



The Segmentation Process



Adapted from review of numerous sources including:

Dowling, Lilien, and Soli, "A Business Market Segmentation Procedure for Product Planning." *Journal of Business-to-Business Marketing*, Vol. 1(4), 1993.

Moss and Cubed, "Market Segmentation and Energy Efficiency Program Design." Prepared for CIEE, November 2008.

Segmentation Best Practices

- Segmentation framework driven by the strategic objective(s)
- Filters correlate to objectives & business characteristics
- Define identifiable groups with similar characteristics
- Segment definitions must be actionable – enabling development and implementation of effective strategies to reach targeted segments
- Level of segmentation should reflect organizational capacity
- Segmentation is a continuous process, not a one-time event

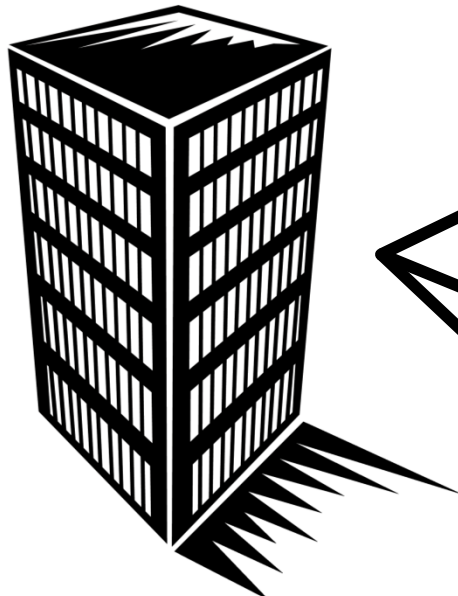




Segmentation in Energy Efficiency Markets

- Targeting customer segments is an increasingly common strategy among EE programs (ACEEE “Leaders of the Pack”)
- Effective segmentation frameworks help PAs to:
 - Evaluate different strategic options (investments, programmatic approaches, account management and service models) against customer needs
 - Determine which customer groups help meet efficiency goals and which may be underperforming;
 - Understand and address attitudes, behavioral characteristics, and business dynamics that influence customer decision making

Example: How would you segment this building?



Option 1: Commercial Real Estate?
Based on ownership and financing characteristics, property tax records

Option 2: University/large customer?
Based on account relationships, occupant use, aggregated size of customer

Option 3: Data center?
Based on load profile, energy consumption characteristics

Building Facts:

- Commercial office building
- Owned by real estate investors
- Leased to local university as an administration and IT building
- 80% of space contains data centers
- University holds accounts with utility



Northwest Energy Efficiency Alliance

- Regional Segmentation of Commercial Buildings
- 15 potential target market opportunities were identified for further research and analysis
- Prioritized sub-segments to maximize impacts of new EE programs and outreach using additional filters





Northwest Energy Efficiency Alliance Cont.

Example: Chains and Franchise Market Segment Rankings

Business Category/Rating (1-5)	Grocery		Retail			Restaurant Chains and Franchises	Lodging Chain and Franchises
	National Chains	Regional Chains & Independents	National Chains	Regional Chains	Regional & Local Franchises		
<i>Market Interest</i>	2	4	3	3	3	3	3
<i>Market Leverage</i>	5	4	2	1	3	3	2
<i>Market Packaging</i>	3	4	2	2	2	4	2
<i>Market Size</i>	4	4	3	1	2	3	2
<i>Spillover Potential</i>	3	3	2	2	2	2	3
<i>Geographic Spread</i>	3	4	4	3	3	4	3
<i>Current Efforts</i>	3	3	2	2	1	2	2
Total Rating	23	26	18	14	16	21	17





Northwest Energy Efficiency Alliance Cont.

- Based on market research, NEEA identified 5 target commercial markets for its Commercial Sector Initiative:
 - Three “vertical” (businesses serving end-use customers)
 - Two “cross-cutting” (businesses serving other businesses)





Northwest Energy Efficiency Alliance Cont.

- NEEA's Commercial Real Estate (CRE) Initiative
 - Started in 2007, engages commercial office real estate market to adopt Strategic Energy Management (SEM) Practices
 - Target market in OR and WA
 - Leased commercial office
 - >50,000 SF in OR and WA
 - Target market in ID and MT
 - Investor owned and not govt./publicly owned
 - >20,000 SF





MA Mid-Sized Customer Participation

– The number and complexity of mid-size accounts require diversified strategies

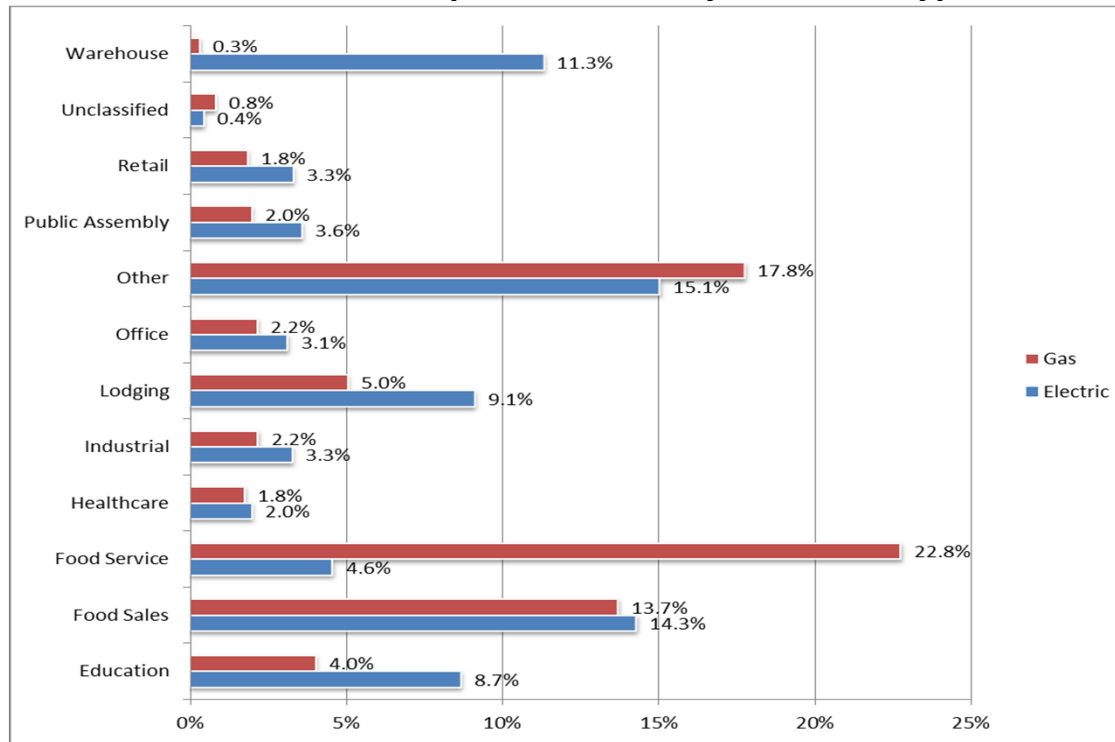
- Mid-size customers require more complex solutions than small customers
- Number of mid-size accounts is too great for direct PA account management
- Issue of multi-account customers
- Assessment of individual market segments (healthcare, lodging, and education) confirmed enough variation among segments to justify different marketing strategies





MA Mid-sized Customer Needs

2012 Commercial Participation Rates by Business Type



- Applying multiple segmentation filters may provide greater insight into additional EE opportunities and prioritize target markets



Current Status

- One large PA uses geographic and vertical segmentation depending on fuel as the basis for assigning outreach staff
- The other large PA, which is more geographically concentrated, uses mostly vertical alignment for segment strategy
- Small PAs have tried to piggyback on large PA models and do find a common baseline of tools/messaging is helpful
 - Small PAs actively manage a significant percentage of their large customers
- At the highest level, there are consistent programs and offerings, including fuel integration, but this does not hold true for all customer classes



Current Status

- MA EE Segmentation strategies *start* with customer size—quartiles--which is not an ideal first filter for segmentation from a customer standpoint
- Segment strategies must be actionable – size is not actionable
- Other strategies may align better with the market, e.g., ownership type, financial decision making
- Once the customer size falls below ~500-600 kW, and above ~300kW, “one to many” strategies are not clearly available or articulated.



Current Status Cont.

- Segment strategies into channels are not clearly articulated and are not clear to channel partners (mid customer needs assessment)
- Few statewide strategies in mid-size. Where they exist, they are well regarded.
- MA PAs would benefit from a process to define a consistent statewide strategy and to train and monitor market actors
- No clear process/strategies means gravitation to prescriptive solutions



Suggested Next Steps

- Use CIMC to develop consistent segmentation and outreach process or protocols going forward
- Review existing large PA strategies for:
 - Consistent statewide approach where practical
 - Development of segment level tools and strategies to enhance channel actor and trade ally capabilities
 - Drive segmentation best practice to channel partners
- Assign particular market segment, e.g., manufacturing, to a single large PA for strategy development. Bring back to group for size-, territory- and fuel-specific application.
- Mid sized market segmentation analysis. Prioritization exercise to find additional opportunities



Questions?

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